GAYEL', A.G.; SMIRHCVA, L.F.

Classification of light soils based on their wind erodibility.

Pochvovedenie no.4:1-15 Ap *65. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

GALYUN, I. A.; KASHELINA, M. L.; LYSOVA, S. I.; SMILNOVA, L. D.; ZAKHAROV, A. S.

Teeth, Artificial

Dental prosthesis for children. Stomatologiia No. 2, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, Uctober, 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.

GAYEL', A.G., SMIRNOVA, L.F.

Wind erosion of light soils in the Chestnut-Chernozem zone of the U.S.S.R. Vest. Mosk. un. Ser. 6: Biol., pochv. 15 no.2:51-62 '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Kafedra fiziki i melioratsii pochv Moskovskogo universiteta.

(Russia, Southern--Erosion)

SHIRHOVA, L.F.

Wind erosion of light soils in Pavlodar Province. Pochvovedenie no.2:75-80 F '60. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.
(Pavlodar Province—Erosion)

*	Brief news.	Lab.delo 7 no.9:61 S '61. (PUBLIC HEALTFCONGRESSES)	(MIRA 14:10)	
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SMIRNOVA, L.G., prof.; SOLUN, N.S.; GANCHEVA, I.T.

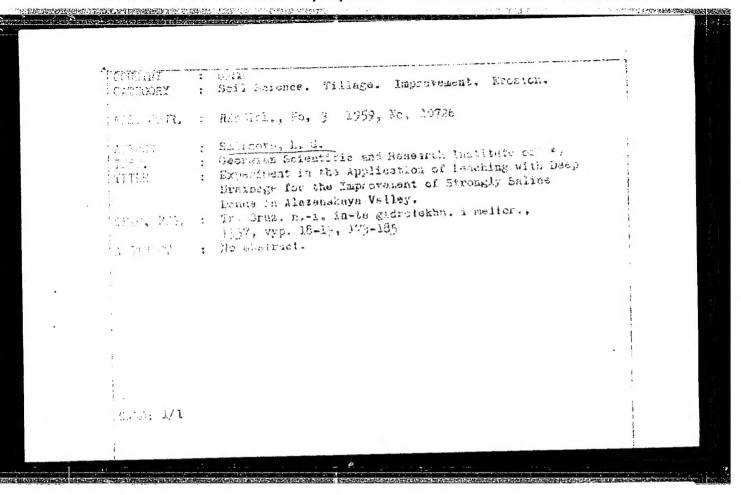
Brief news. Lab.delo 8 [i.e.9] no.1: 60-61 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:5)

(MEDICINE)

SMIRHOVA, L. G.

23365 Krasheniye Pryakhi Pri Peremotke Na Motal'noy Mashine. Legkaya Prom-st',
1949, No. 6, c. 26

SO: LETOPIS NO. 31, 1949



1 06380-67 WE(d)/EF(w)/EF(v)/EF(v)/EF(v) BF(x) BF(x) BF(x) GZ
ACC NR: AT6025458 SOURCE CODE: UR/3065/65/000/047/0082/0097
AUTHOR: Smirnova, L. G.
ORG: None
TITLE: Elastoplastic deformations of a cylindrical shell and a circular plate under
uniformly distributed loading 10
SOURCE: Moscow. Inzhenerno-stroitel nyy institut. Sbornik trudov, no. 47, 1965.
Issledovaniya po teorii sterzhney, plastinok i obolochek (Studies on the theory of rods, plates and shells), 82-97
TOPIC TAGS: shell theory, elastic deformation, plastic deformation, cylindric shell
structure
ABSTRACT: The author solves the equilibrium equations for elastoplastic deformations of a cylindrical shell and a circular plate. A. A. Il'yushin's method of elastic solutions is used for solving the fundamental equation of an elastoplastic cylindrical
shell and the intensity of deformations is determined in the zero approximation. Equilibrium equations are given for a circular plate under axisymmetric deformation Equilibrium equations are given for a circular plate under axisymmetric deformation Equilibrium equations are given for a circular plate under axisymmetric deformation Equilibrium equations are given for a circular plate under axisymmetric deformation Equilibrium equations are given for a circular plate under axisymmetric deformation
mixed and comparison of solutions for various examples shows that when the classo-
plastic deformations are small the method of elastic solutions gives rapid convergence and sufficient accuracy for practical purposes. Orig. art. has: 6 figures,
64 formulas.
GUE GODE - 00 / GUDY DAME - Nove / ODIG DEE - 005
SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: None/ ORIG REF: 005
Card 1/1 -lill

SMIRNOVA, L.G., inzh.; TTUVIN, A.V., tekhnik

Application of ultrasonic waves in the dyeing and finishing operations of the knit goods industry. Nauch.-issl.trudy VNIITP operations of the knit goods industry. Nauch.-issl.trudy vNIITP no.4:59-71 '63.

SAVVATEYEVA, Z.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; KORCHAGINA, R.N., inzh.; SMIRNOVA, L.G., inzh.; MALYARSKAYA, V.F., inzh.

Technology of the manufacture of the new type of glued glove fabrics. Nauch.-iss1.trudy VNIITP no.4:167-194 '63. (MIRA 17:4)

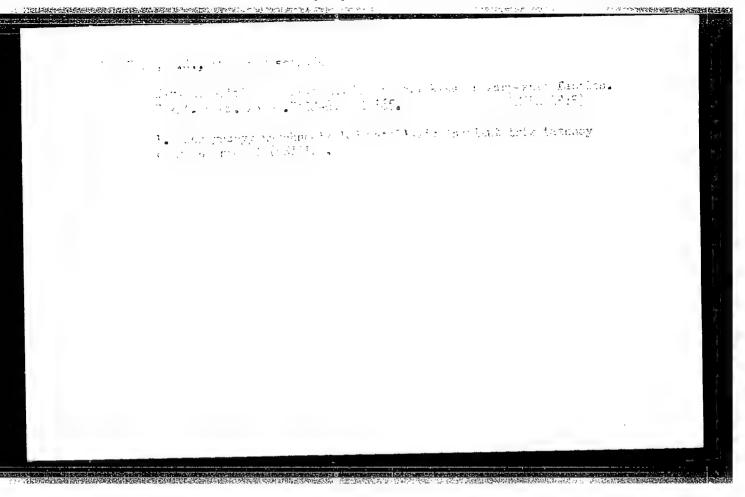
SMIRNOVA, L.G., nauchnyy sotrudnik; ODINTSOVA, T.S., nauchnyy sotrudnik

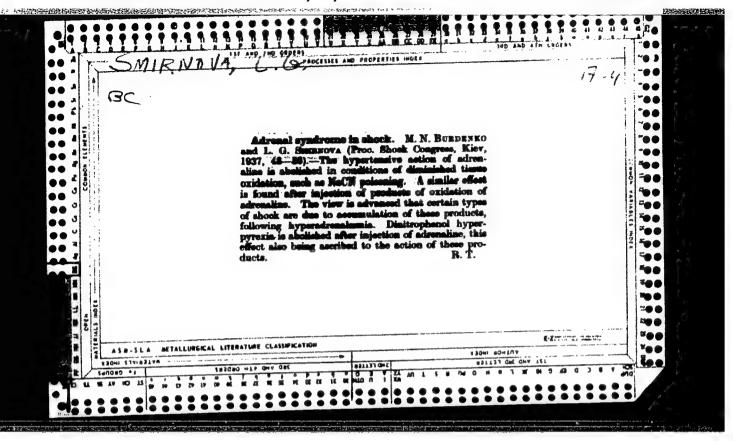
Use of active dyes for dyeing knit viscose fabrics. Tekst. prom. 23 no.10:28-32 0 '63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut trikotazhnoy promyshlennosti (VNIITP).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4





Z2709. CMIRTOVA, L. G. Khirurg-Piolog M. M. Furdenko. (K Godovshchine So Lnya Smerti). Trudy In-ta Meyrokhirurgii Im. Burdenko, T. I, 1948, s. 108-14.

SC: Leto; is ' Thormal inglih Statey, Vol. 7, 1949

ZBARSKIY, B.I.; IVANOV, I.I.; MARDASHEV, S.R.; SMIRMOVA, L.G., redaktor; KARASIK, N.P., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

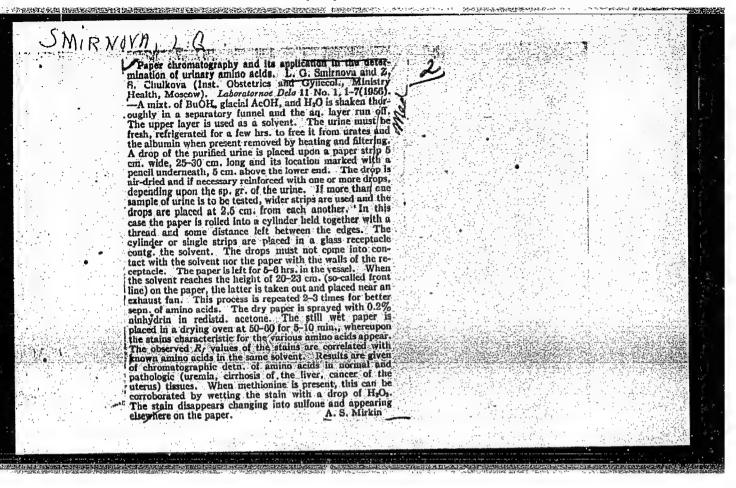
[Biological chemistry] Biologicheskaia khimiia. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo meditsinskoi lit-ry, 1951. 611 p. (NLRA 8:10)

(Biochemistry)

SMIRNOVA, L.G.; CHULKOVA, Z.S.

Chromatography on paper and its use in the determination of uric amino acids. Lab.delo 2 no.1:3-7 Ja-F '56. (MLRA 9:10)

1. Iz biokhimicheskoy laboratorii Instituta akusherstva i genikologii (dir. L.G.Stepanov) Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.Moskva (AMINO ACIDS)
(CHROMATOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS)
(URINE--ANALYSIS AND PATHOLOGY)



-SMIRNOVA, L.G. BALABA, T.Ya.

[Practical studies in biochemisty for medical schools] Praktikum po biokhimii dlia medvuzov. 2 izda, perer. i dop. Moskva, Medgiz, 1957.
270 p. (MIRA 10:5) 270 p.

(BIOCHEMISTY-STUDY AND TRACHING)

SMIRNOVA, L.G.; CHULKOVA, Z.S.; GUMINA, I.I.; ZHELOKHOVTSEVA, I.N.

The anino acid level in urine furing normal pregnancy and in late toxicoses. [with summary in English] Voo. med. khim.
3 no.1:49-53 Ja-F '57 (MLRA 10:4)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut akusherstva i ginekologii Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR, Moskva.

(PREGNANCY, urine in
aminoacid level in normal pregn. & in late
toxicosis)

(AMINO ACIDS, in urine
in normal pregn. & in late toxicosis)

(PREGNANCY TOXEMIAS, urine in
amino acid level)

24 Hy gr be	EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 2 Vol. 2/6 Physiology June 58 2475. HYALURONIC ACID AND HYALURONIDASE IN BIOLOGY AND MEDICINE (Russian text) - Smirnova L. G KLIN. MED. (Mosk.) 1957, 35/6 (22-30) Hyaluronidase is demonstrable in all organs of the body. The sperm contains the greatest quantities. The presence of antihyaluronidase in the blood serum has not been confirmed. Heparin inhibits some enzymatic activities, e.g. that of hyaluronidase. Edgar - Amsterdam									The state of the s
	ing in the second new	्राप्तः व्यवस्थाः स्टब्स्यः । इ	कार बीकान्द्र हैंने काउ परण	marken emekinde Frinke e	era e y tubbleer	The second section of the section of	urica și i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	alian eres. I		1
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PREDTECHENSKIY, V.Ye.; SMIRNOVA, L.G., red.; KOST, Ye.A., red.

[Manual for clinical laboratory studies] Rukovodstvo po klinicheskim laboratornym issledovaniiam. Izd.5., perer. i dop. Pod red. L.G.Smirnovoi i E.A.Kost. Moskva, Medgiz, 1960. 962 p. (MIRA 14:10)

(PATHOLOGY-LABORATORY MANUALS)

SMIRNOVA, L.G.; KVATER, Ye.I.; CHULKOVA, Z.S.

Pregnancy toxemias and problems of nutrition. Akush.i gin.

36 no.1:3-7 Ja-F *60.

(PREGNANCY, COMPLICATIONS OF) (BLOOD PROTEINS)

SMIRNOVA, L. G.: Master Tech Sci (diss) -- "Investigation of the permeability of certain iron-nickel and iron-cobalt alloys as a function of frequency in the range of 1,000-1,000,000 cycles". Moscow, 1958. 8 pp (Gentral Sci Res Inst of Ferrous Metallurgy) (KL, No h, 1959, 127)

153-58-1-22/29 Sadov, F. I., Smirnova, L. G. AUTHORS: On the Problem of Dyeing Polyamide Floers With Disperse Dyes (K voprosu o krashenii poliamidnykh volo= TITLE: kon dispersnymi krasitelyami) Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy Khimiya i khimicheskaya tekhnologiya. 1958, Nr 1, pp. 147-156 PERIODICAL: (USSR) Although some decades have past since the publication of ABSTRACT: the first papers concerning this problem (Reference 1), dyeing with these dyes has been little investigated in spite of their case and simplicity. It remains unclear how the dye reaches the surface in form of a fine dis= persion, how it is distributed within the structure of the fiber and whether it gets firmly fixed on specific places in the rores and fissures of the fiber, or; whe= ther it penetrates the whole volume of the fiber toge= ther with the crystalline range. A survey of the publi= cations (References 1 to 14) on this difficult problem follows. It results from the given papers that a uniform Card 1/5

On the Problem of Dyeing Polyamide Fibers With Disperse Dyes 153-58-1-22/29

opinion does not exist with respect to the mechanism of dyeing of fibers by means of disperse dyes. The au= thors set themselves the problem to obtain additional data susceptible of explaining this process. The work is divided into two parts: I) Investigation of the solubility of the dyes in water at 80° in dependence on the concentration of the dispersing agents. II) Investigation of the absorption of the same orientation by the fiber in dependence on the concentration of the dispersing agent. The tests are carried out on the synthetic fibers: chanth and caprone, which differ by the number of methylene-groups in the clementary member of the polymer-macro-molecule. Enanth has a higher orientation of the molecular-chains and a higher cry= stallinity than caprone. Two dyes were used for the tests: acetate-red-brown (an azoderivative) and acetate--blue (an anthraquinone-dye). The following surface--active substances (OAS) were used for the determination of the solubility of the dyes: OP-10, sodium-alkyl-sul= fate (TMS) and sulfooleyl SK. The solubility of the disperse dyes is given in table 1, their solubility in

Card 2/5

On the Problem of Dyeing Polyamide Fibers With Disperse Dyes 153-58-1-22/29

also depends on the total quantity of the dye in the dyeing vat. 3) The equilibrated absorption decreases according to the increasing quantity of OAS in the some lution if the quantity of dye corresponding to 1 g OAS (solubilisation) is different. 4) The equilibrated sclection of the dyes by the fiber does not depend on the size of the molecules if and when the solutions are formed by means of dissolution of crystals of a solubilisized dye. 5) The absorption of the dye by the fiber is reversible up to the moment in which this process begins to be accompanied by a stratification. 6) The results confirm the assumption (References 3.7) that the dyeing with disperse dyes ought to be considered an absorption of the dye with its diffusion in the pores and fissures of the fiber and its fastening at the specific places of the surface.

There are 7 figures, 2 tables and 25 references, 9 of which are Soviet.

Card 4/5

On the Problem of Dyeing Polyamide Fibers With Disperse Dyes

153 -58-1-22/29

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy tekstil'nyy institut. Kafedra khimicheskoy

tekhnologii voloknistykh materialov (Moscow Textile Institute, Chair for Chemical Technology of Fibrous

Materials)

SUBMITTED: September 14, 1957

Card 5/5

SUV/126-6-2-6/34

Kondorskiy, Ye. I. and Smirnova, L. G. AUTHORS:

The Frequency Dependence of the Permeabilities of Certain Fe-Ni and Fe-Co Alloys at 105 - 107 c/s (Issledovaniye TITLE:

chastotnoy zavisimosti pronitsayemosti nekotorykh zhelezonikelevykh i zhelezokobal'tovykh splavov v diapazone chastot 105 - 107 gerts)

PERIODICAL: Fizika Metallov i Metallovedeniye, 1958, Vol 6, Nr 2, pp 237-246 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Strip material consisting of typical Mo permalloy, of Armco iron, and of Fe-Co alloys of 20, 36, 60 and 72% Co content was used. The latter alloys were hot-rolled after heating to 1150°C for 15 mins from the cast state, to give a final thickness of 1.4 - 1.6 mm, and were then annealed at 920-930°C for 3 mins followed by quenching in water. Sections of this strip were then rolled to 0.35- - 0.40 mm thick at 200 C. Similar treatments were applied to give strip 0.010-0.016 mm thick (not for Co contents of 40-50%). Table 1 gives analytical data for the resulting strip. 10 mm wide strips of all materials were wound into toroids of internal diameter

Card 1/3 2 cm and radial thickness about 4 mm. Table 2 gives data

SOV/126-6-2-6/34 The Frequency Dependence of the Perseabilities of Certain Fe-Ni and Fe-Co Alloys at 105 - 107 c/s

on the strips used for winding (Armco iron at the top). Optical and X-ray tests showed the materials to consist of single phases only, without crystallographic texture. The measurements of the resistive and reactive components of the impedances of the wound toroids were made on a Maxwell bridge up to 3 x 105 c/s, and from 0.4 to 20 Mc/s on the bridge system shown in Fig.1, in which the bridge is balanced twice (once with terainals 1 and 2 shortcircuited, once with the specimen inserted between them). The self-capacitances of the windings were determined from resonance measurements. Figs.2-4 show the μ values (Armco iron at the top in Fig.2). Fig.5 shows theoretical curves for various cases of domain structure, plus the experimental data; Figs.6-8 do the same for other specimens. The experimental points lie closest to the curves corresponding to layered structures with their boundaries normal to the surface of the specimen.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4

SOV/142-58-6-8/20

18(5) AUTHOR:

Smirnova, L.G.

TITLE:

Experimental Investigation of the Permeability of Some Materials at High Frequencies (Eksperimental'noye issledovaniye pronitsayemosti nekotorykh magnitno-myagkikh materialov na vysokikh

chastotakh)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy - Radiotekh-

nika, 1958, Nr 6, pp 685-689 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The article describes experimental investigation of the permeability of ribbon cores of certain ferrous materials in the range of 105 - 107 cps. The experiments described were conducted on magnetic materials of the following types: 79 NM, 50 N, 50 NKhS, Armko iron, and iron alloys with 20, 36, 60, and 72% cobalt respectively. Chemical composition of these materials is shown (Table 1). The experiments were conducted on toroidal ribbon forms with an internal diameter usually = 20 mm, and an external diameter of 25-28 mm. Ribbon thickness

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SOV/142-58-6-8/20

Experimental Investigation of the Permeability of Some Soft-Magnetic Materials at High Frequencies

permeability were computed in terms of the values of self-induction of the forms, and loss resistance obtained in the experiments (eq 1,2). The author states that error in measuring the values of self-induction and loss resistance is about 10%. The loss-angle tangent is expressed in eq 3. The frequency-permeability relationship in the range 105 - 107 cps for all experimental materials is illustrated graphically (Figures 2-4). Values of permeability, in terms of self-induction, and the loss-angle tangents for three nickel-iron alloys (79 NM, 50 N, and 50 NS) at specific frequencies are shown (Table 4). Certain characteristics of the illustrated curves, and certain alloys are briefly discussed. This article was recommended by the Institut pretsizionnykh splavov TsNII chernoy metallurgii (The Institute of Pre-

Card 3/4

SMIRNOVA, L.Q.

Behavior of certain ferromagnetic materials in weak magnetic fields of high frequency (10⁵ - 10⁷ cycles) Sbor.trud.

TSNIICHM no.23:108-120 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

(Ferromagnetism) (Magnetic fields)

S/776/62/000/025/00\$/025

AUTHORS: Gabriel'yan, D.I., Lagvinov, P.K., Smirnova, L.G.

TITLE: The effect of transverse compressive stresses on the magnetic proper-

ties of soft magnetic materials.

SOURCE: Moscow. Tsentral nyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut chernoy,

metallurgii. Sbornik trudov. no. 25. Moscow, 1962. Pretsizionnyye splavy. pp. 86-95.

TEXT: The present experimental investigation was intended to determine the effect of elastic transverse compressive stresses on the magnetic properties of ferromagnetic materials in which such stresses, together with the intensity of the magnetic field and the temperature (T), are among the fundamental factors that determine the magnetic state of a substance. A special testing equipment for the present investigation was designed by the First Design-Engineering Bureau of the TsNIIChM (Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallurgy) and was constructed in the Experimental Instrument Shop of the Institute. The pressure exerted on the specimen was produced by compressed air. The numerical data on the change in magnetic properties as a function of the stress are summarized in a full-page table, and the variations are shown in graphs. Most sensitive to mechani-

Card 1/2

The effect of transverse compression ...

S/776/62/000/025/005/025

cal stresses are the alloys 79HM (79NM), 79HMA (79NMA), 80HXC (80NKhS), also the alloy 65M II (65MP) which has a rectangular hysteresis loop. A comparatively great change in magnetic permeability, under an induction of 20 gauss, was observed in the alloy 16 IO (16Yu). The smallest change in magnetic properties was noted in the alloy 6C (6S). Repeat determinations of the magnetic characteristics showed that in a number of cases a repeat run differed substantially from the results of the initial test, that is, prior to the imposition of the stress. The results of the repeat tests are tabulated separately. This presence of residual changes in the magnetic properties, following the action of loads that do not exceed the elastic limit, requires additional investigation. In a first approximation it appears probable that such a change is a consequence of irreversible changes in the domain structure of the alloys under the action of the stresses. There are 7 figures, 2 tables, and 7 references (3 Russian-language Soviet, 1 German, and 3 English-language, of which one in Russian translation).

Card 2/2

15. 5/776/62/000/025/017/025

Smirnova, L.G. AUTHOR:

Alloys with a constant magnetic permeability.

TITLE:

Moscow. Tsentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut chernoy metallurgii. Sbornik trudov. no. 25. Moscow, 1962. Pretsizionayye SOURCE:

splavy. pp. 254-264.

The paper describes an experimental investigation, the objective of which is the determination of the practicability of the making of alloys with small changes in permeability in fields up to 2 to 5 o at a level of 500-50 gauss/o, both in sheet material and in strips 0.1-0.01-mm thick. More especially, the investigation attempted to overcome the shortcoming of present Perminvars, namely, their lack of magnetic stability, that is, the appearance of significant changes in their properties following exposure to strong magnetic fields. The investigation covered binary alloys of the Fe-Ni and Fe-Cr systems, alloyed with Cu, Al, Mo, Co, and W, also Fe with additions of Ni, Si, and Cr. The chemical composition of the alloys investigated, their magnetic permeability, and the degree of change of the permeability in fields 0.5-7.5 6 is summarized in a full-page table. It is shown that the following alloys are produceable: (1) Alloys with a magnetic permeability

Card 1/2

Alloys with a constant magnetic permeability.

\$/776/62/000/025/017/025

of 40-70 gauss/\$\phi\$, which is maintained constant (with an increase equal to or less than 5%) in fields up to 5 \$\phi\$. Such properties are exhibited, for example, by an alloy containing 35.8% Ni, 8.3% Cu, 1.3% Al, 8.3% Co (remainder Fe), 0.1-0.02-mm thick in the cold-rolled state. (2) Alloys with a magnetic permeability of the order of 500 gauss/\$\phi\$, maintained constant in fields of up to appx. 2.0 \$\phi\$. Such properties are exhibited by an alloy containing 30% Co, 30% Ni (remainder Fe), 0.04-0.02-mm thick, obtained after high-T anneal. This alloy is usable under conditions in which the external magnetic fields to which a part made of this alloy may be subjected in operation does not exceed appx. 3.5 \$\phi\$. In any future work designed to increase the degree of stability of the permeability relative to magnetic fields of alloys of the Perminvar type, it is necessary that the various theoretical views regarding the physical nature of the specific peculiarities of their magnetic properties be taken into account. There are 5 figures, 2 tables, and 18 references (1 Polish-language 5 German-language, 2 French-language, and 10 English-language, of which 1 in Russian translation).

Card 2/2

BALASHOV, M.I.; BEKERHAN, F.A.; PEREVEZENTSEV, T.G.; Prinimali uchastiye: SMIRNOVA, L.G., rabotnik; ZHIGALENKOVA, R.S., rabotnik; DUBOVA, L.S., rabotnik

Prevention of waterleaks in iron castings. Lit. proizv. no.1: 40 Ja '65. (MIRA 18:3)

1. TSentral'naya zavodskaya laboratoriya (for Smirnova, Dubova, Zhigalenkova).

L 00309-66 EWT(1)/EPA(s)-2/EPF(n)-2/T-2/ETC(m) IJP(c) WW

ACCESSION NR: AP5016659

UR/0382/65/000/002/0111/0122 538.4+621.689

AUTHOR: Vasil'yev, S. V.; Okhemenko, N. M.; Smirnova, L. G.

TITLE: Experimental investigation of the magnetic fields of an induction pump

SOURCE: Magnitnaya gidrodinamika, no. 2, 1965, 111-122 71, 94, 4

TOPIC TAGS: electromagnetic pump, magnetic field, magnetic induction

ABSTRACT: The spatial distribution of components of the magnetic induction, B in the gap between two-layer winding inductors of flat-type linear induction pump is studied. The test device operated at 80 KVA at current reading of 120 AMP. (operating without a load). The effects of loading on components of B are indicated. Both thermocouples on various metallic plates inserted in the gap and magnetic probe coils were used to obtain the data. Also given are data on measurement of integral distribution of components of B, demagnetization coefficient, and secondary leakage. Various fringe effects have been measured. In addition, it is shown that the above agrees with calculations which were carried out assuming the plane-parallel geometry for the magnetic field. Orig. art. has: 5 formulas, 9 figures, 1 table.

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4032877

\$/0051/64/916/004/0708/0709

AUTHOR: Vergunas, F.I.; Kolotkov, V.V.; Yashin, E.M.; Smirnova, L.I.

Some properties of film type electroluminescent capaitors

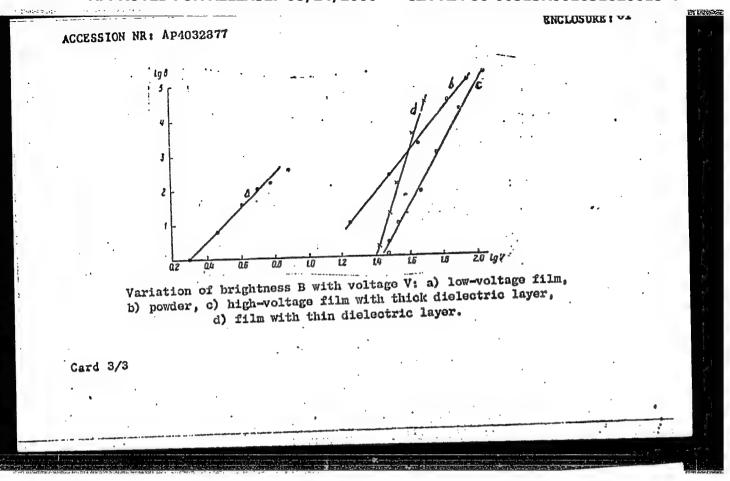
SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v.16, no.4, 1964, 708-709

TOPIC TAGS: electroluminescence, electroluminescent capacitor, zinc compound,

electroluminophor

ADSTRACT: The authors prepared and tested film type electroluminescent capacitors. The films were obtained by vacuum sublimation of yellow EL-580 electroluminophor (a zinc sulfide phosphor - composition not specified). There were prepared low-voltage and high-voltage film capacitors; the latter differed from the former by the presence of a dielectric layer between the sublimated film and the electrode. The films were about 1 micron thick; the electrodes were made of SnO2 and A1. The variation of brightness as a function of the applied voltage is shown in the figure (Enclosure 01). As regards both their voltage and frequency characteristics the low and high-voltage capacitors differed from each other and from power-filled conventional capacitors. The low-voltage capacitors rectified the current in the range of low voltages. Where frequency dependence of the brightness is concerned the low-vol-

Card 1/3



s/115/60/000/010/003/028 B021/B058

AUTHORS:

Strakun, G. I., Smirnova, L. I., and Sharova, Ye. Ye.

Reproduction and Transmission of an Angle in Standard

TITLE:

Measurements

PERIODICAL:

Izmeritel'naya tekhnika, 1960, No. 10, pp. 13-15

TEXT: The Sverdlovskiy filial (Sverdlovsk Branch) of the VNIIM (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metrologii (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Metrology)) developed a new test scheme for angular measurements. An instruction for the testing of goniometers was edited and published by the VNII Komiteta (Vsesoyuznyy nauchnoissledovatel'skiy institut Komiteta (All-Union Scientific Research Institute of the Committee)), and a horizontal installation was developed for the measurement of angles of polyhedral prisms of the first class. At the VNIIM, an installation was established which warrants the realization of a standard method of reproducing the value of a plane angle. In order to realize this method, two precision autocollimators with telephoto lenses were used as well as three standard prisms of molten

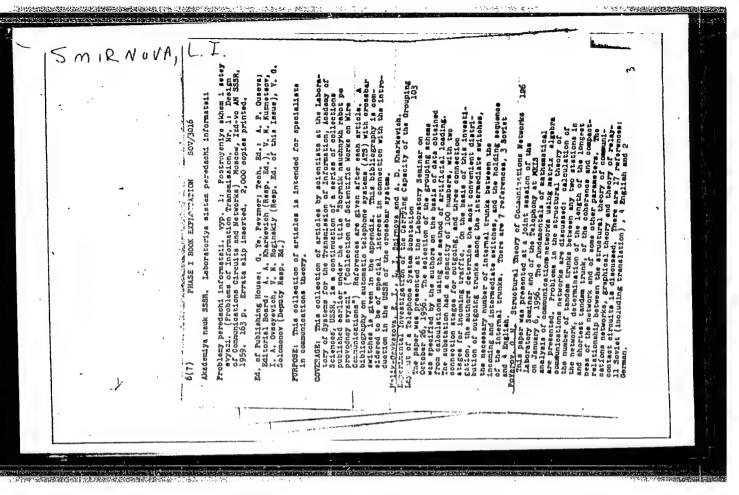
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SMIRECVA, L. 1., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Hygiene of the production of confectionary items containing cream and their microbiological cnaracteristics." Moscow, 1960. 16 pp; (Ministry of Łublic Health USSR, Central Inst for Advanced Training of rhysicians); 200 copies; price not given; (KL, 26-60, 144)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4"

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BUDAGYAN, F.Ye.; SMIRNOVA, L.I.

Effect of phenol antioxidants on the assimilation of melted swine fat. Vop. pit. 21 no.2:47-50 Mr-Ap '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Iz kafedry gigiyeny pitaniya (zav. - prof. F.Ye. Budagyan)
TSentral'nogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey, Moskva.
(FAT METABOLISM) (ANTIOXIDANTS)

GRECHKO, M.F.; SMIRNOVA, L.I.; STRAKUM, G.I.; SHAROVA, Ye.Ye.

Standard device for measuring angles. Trudy inst.Kom.stand, mer i izm.prib no.47:127-138 '61. (MIRA 15:12)

l. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatél skiy institut metrologii im. D.I.Mendeleyeva.

VERGUNAS, F.I.; KOLOTKOV, V.V.; YASHIN, E.M.; SMIRNOVA, L.I.

Some properties of film-type electroluminescent capacitors.

Opt. i spektr. 16 no. 4:708-709 Ap '64.

(MIRA 17:5)

SMIRNOVA, L.I.

Epidermal reactivity at the site of application of iodine solution. [with summary in English]. Trudy LSGMI 42:54-64 158 (MIRA 11:12)

1. Kafedra gistologii i embriologii Leningradskogo sanitarnogigiyenicheskogo medititsinskogo instituta (zav. kafedroy - chlenkorrespondent AMN SSSR, prof. S.I. Shchelkunov).

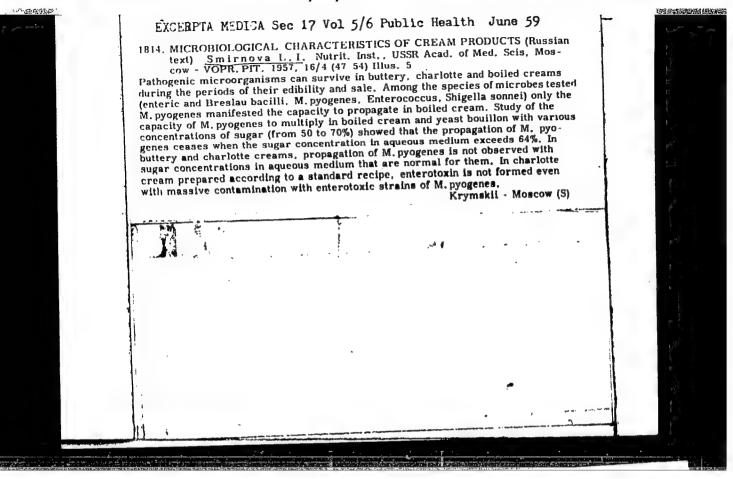
(SKIN, effect of drugs on iodine solution, reactivity of site of application (Rus))
(IODINE, effects, on skin reactivity (Rus))

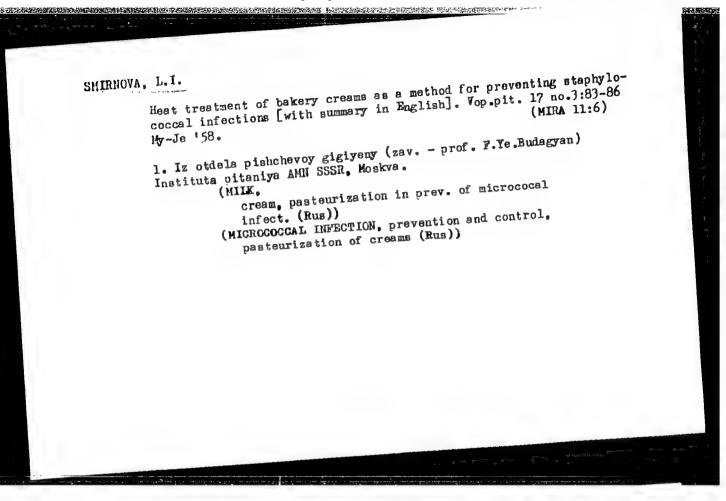
SMIRNOVA, L.I.

Comparative and experimental studies on regeneration of the epidermis in higher vertebrates [with summary in English]. Trudy ISGMI 42:37-53 (MIRA 11:12)

1. Kafedra gistologii i embriologii Leningradskogo sanitarnogigiyenicheskogo meditsinskogo instituta (zav. kafedroy -chlenkorrespondent AMN SSSR. prof. S.I. Shchelkunov). (SKIN, physiology.

regen, in animals (Rus))
(REGENERATION,
skin, in animals (Rus))





Pharmacological and biological characteristics of Inonotus obliquus.

Pharmacological and biological characteristics of Inonotus obliquus.

(NIRA 11:11)

Farm. i toks. 21 no.5:89-90 S-0 '58

1. Kafedra fakul'tetskoy terapii (zav. - prof. P.N. Stepanova)

Smolenskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(FUNGI.

Inonotus obliquus extract, pharmacol. (Rus))

- 1. SMIRNOVA, L. I.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Plankton Caspian Sea
- 7. Phytoplankton of the Middle Casmian, Trudy Inst. okean 3, 1949.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953, Unclassified.

ZHUZE, A.P.; SEMINA, G.I.; SMIRNOVA, L.I.

"Diatoms in the plankton of the Black Sea" by A.I. ProshkinaLavrenko. Reviewed by A.P. Zhuze, G.I. Semina, L.I. Smirnova. Bot.

zhur.41 no.8:1225-1227 Ag *56.

1. Institut okeanologii Akademii nauk SSSR, Moskva.

(Black Sea-Diatoms) (Proshkina-Lavrenko, A.I.)

SMIRNOVA, L.I.

Phytoplankton of the northwestern part of the Pacific. Dokl. AN SSSR (MIRA 9:10) 109 no.3:640-652 Jl '56.

1. Institut ekeanologii Åkademii nauk SSSR. Predstavlene akademikem Ye.N. Pavlovskim.

(Pacific (Gean-all)achton)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4

The Mode of Propagation of the Diatom Alga Rhizosolenia alata Bright 20-1-54/58

tips. At this time cells not yet developed fill out the entire mother-cell (figure 1 d-zh). In case that this latter was destroyed, the daughter-cells were to be met in a free state; they still were slightly silicified and lacked the completely developed characteristic processes. Their size varied from 12-14 μ in diameter and 30-50 μ . in length. Furthermore the cell extends in length and silicifies from the process (figure 1 m,n). The roughly fixed material made further investigations impossible.

There are 1 figure, and 3 references, 1 of which is Slavic

ASSCCIATION: Institute for Oceanology AN USSR

(Institut okeanologii Akademii nauk SSSR)

August 30, 1957, by A. L. Kursanov, Academician PRESENTED:

July 28, 1957 SUBMITTED:

Library of Congress AVAILABLE:

Card 2/2

SMIRNOVA, L. I.

"The Physiological Role of Leucocytes in the Digestive Process of Fish." Cand Biol Sci, Moscow Technical Inst of the Fish Industry and Economy imeni A. I. Mikoyan, 8 Dec 54. (VM, 26 Nov 54)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational \bar{I}_{n} is itutions (11)

SO: Sum. No.521, 2 Jun 55

USSR/Humon and Animal Physiology. Digestion.

Ţ

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 8, 1958, 36582.

Author : Smirnova, L.I.

Inst Title : The Physiological Role of Leucocytes in Digestion

in Fish.

Orig Pub: Vopr. ikhtiologii, 1956, vyp 7, 107-118.

Abstract: A segment of the distal part of the small bowel
(S B) was isolated in carps (200-600 gm). Following introduction in the S B of albumin (I) starch (II) or lard (III) the authors were able to demonstrate in the intestinal juice the presence of amylolytic proteolytic enzymes; they failed to observe splitting of III. Smears from the mucous membrane of S B of the carp contained large amounts of loucocytes

Card : 1/3

67

UCSR/Human and Arimal Physiology. Digestion.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 8, 1958, 36582.

fatty droplets was observed within 24 hours. Leucobytes exercts enterchinese in the lumen of the S B and participate in the digestion of I and II and the absorption of III in the small bowel.

Card : 3/3

68

USSR / General Problems of Pathology. Immunity.

U-2

APPROVED FOR RELFASE: 08/24/2000, GFA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4"

Author

: Smirnova, L. I.

Inst

: Moscow Institute of Fishing and Fish Breeding.

Title

: Moseow Institute of Fishing and Fish Intestines in

Producing Antibodies.

Orig Pub

: Tr. Mosk. tekhn. in-ta rybn. prom-sti i kh-va, 1957,

vyp. 8, 250-254.

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

SMIRNOVA, L.I.

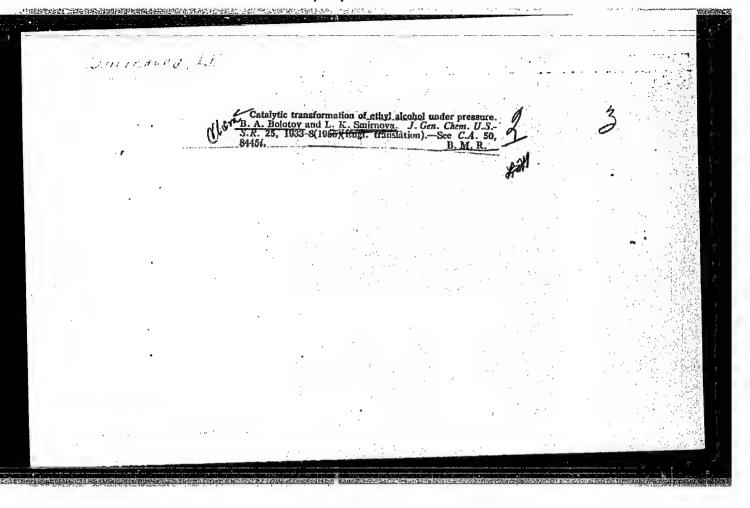
Seasonal changes in the blood of fishes of Rybinsk Reservoir. Vop.ikht. 2 no.4:677-686 '62. (MIRA 16:2)

TRET'YAKOVA, Ye.N., prof.; GATAULINA, L.D., kand.med.nauk; IL'INA, V.T.; PANTELEYEVA, A.P.; SMIRNOVA, L.K.; ABDURASHITOVA, Kh.Sh.

Distribution of rheumatic fever among the school children of Ufa. Vop.revm. 3 no.1:66-70 Ja-Mr *63. (MIRA 16:4)

l. Iz kafedry detskikh bolezney (zav. - prof. Ye.N.Tret'yakova) Bashkirskogo meditsinskogo instituta i Detskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy No.3 (glavnyy vrach A.I.Vetsler) goroda Ufy. (UFA--RHEUMATIC HEART DISEASE)

	L 17903-63	EWP(q	1)/EWT(m)/BDS_			e de la company		
34.4	ACCESSION NR	AP3003770			8/0080/63/	036/006/1291	1/1296	
	AUTHORS: Sin	onov, G. A.;	Smirnova, L. R	Rotinyan,	A. L.	1	57	
	TITLE: Cathe	ode polarizat	ion during pre	cipitation o	f telluriu	n from alkal	li solu-	
	SOURCE: Zhui	nal prikladn	oy khimii, v.	36, no. 6, 1	963, 1291-	1296	i.	
	TOPIC TAGS:	cathode pola	rization, tell	urium, alkal	i solution	. ,		
	ABSTRACT: I	vestigation (of cathoda nol				4.33	
	from an alkal and concentra alkali concen increases wit current linea	i electrolyte tion of alkal tration in th h a rise in to rly depends o	e at different li in electrol he electrolyte emperature. In on concentrati	temperature yte - shows t , the effect n alkali-cond on of tellur	s, concentrated contrated	ration of te an increase decreases electrolyte trolyte. I	llurium of and effective n dil=	
	from an alkal and concentra alkali concen increases wit current linea uted electrol assumed that	i electrolyte tion of alkal tration in th h a rise in te rly depends o yte, the inco	e at different li in electrol he electrolyte emperature. I	temperature yte - shows to , the effect: n alkali-cond on of tellur: tive current the change of	s, concentrated entrated entrates places	ation of te an increase decreases dectrolyte trolyte. I	llurium of and effective n dil- It is	
	from an alkal and concentra alkali concen increases wit current linea uted electrol assumed that	i electrolyte tion of alkal tration in th h a rise in te rly depends o yte, the increathode process 8 figures	e at different li in electrolyte he electrolyte emperature. In on concentration rease of effect ess depends on s, 2 formulas a iy tekhnological	temperature yte - shows to , the effect: n alkali-cond on of tellur: tive current the change of and 1 table.	s, concentrated, with ive current centrated eium in electrates placed of the nature.	ration of te an increases decreases electrolyte strolyte. I se faster. are of ions.	ellurium of and effective n dil-	



USSR/ Organic Chemistry - Synthetic organic chemistry

E-2

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 11623

Author

: Bolotov B.A., Smirnova L.K.

Title

: Catatytic Conversion of Ethyl Alcohol Under Pressure

Orig Pub : Zh obshch. khimii, 1955, 25, No 10, 1987-1992

Study of conversion of ethyl alcohol (I) over Cu catalyst at 275-400° and at a pressure from atmospheric to 156 atm., in a flow system. Composition of condensate collected at 275-3000 and 10 atm is similar to that obtained without increase in pressure At 300° and 5 atm a condensate is formed containing mostly ketones: 18.0% acetone, 27.1% methyl propyl ketone, 4.4% methyl isobutyl ketone and 7.0% dipropyl ketone. On raising the pressure to 40-120 atm the condensate is found to contain paraffins (10-12%), while the yield of ketones drops sharply. Condensate collected at 3500 and a pressure of 10 atm consists essentially of paraffins: n-pentane (II) 14.5%, hexanes 13.9%, n-heptane 24.2%, octanes 8.6% and n-nonane 11.3%. At the same temperature and a pressure of 156 atm formation of II is increased (73.2%) and yield of higher paraffins is decreased. I was fed at a rate of 80-85 g/hour into a reactor containing 120-130 ml of catalyst.

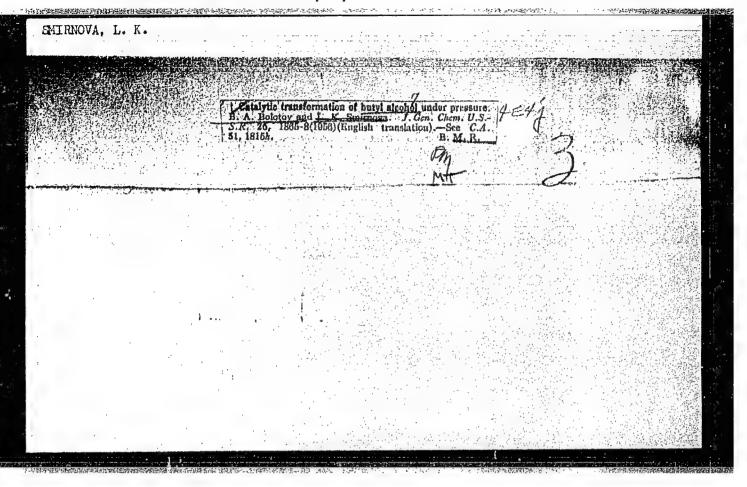
Card 1/1

Leningred

BOLOTOV, B.A.; SMIRMOVA, L.K.

Part 2: The catalytic transformation of n-butyl alcohol under pressure. Zhur.ob.khim. 26 no.6:1662-1665 Je '56. (MIRA 11:1)

1.Leningradskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. (Catalysis) (Butanol)



CHMUTOVA, A.F.; SMIRNOVA, L.M.

Age changes of the beak in birds. Ornitologiia no.4:418-422 '62.

(MIRA 16:4)

(Birds-Age)

(Bill (Anatomy))

SHUBIN, A.S.; SMIRNOVA, L.M.; NOVAKOVSKIY, V.M.

Electro-ionite method of purifying waste waters from plants
mammfacturing chromium compounds. [Trudy] UNIKHIM
mammfacturing chromium compounds. (MIRA 15:12)
no.9:164-180 '61.
(Water-Electrolysis)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4

SHUBIN, A.S.; SMIRNOVA, L.M.; Prinimala uchastive TKACH, V.M.

Use of ion exchange diaphragms for the purification of waste waters from plants manufacturing fluorine compounds. Zhur.VKHO 6 no.4:

(MIRA 14:7)

474-475 '61.

1. Ural'skiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy khimicheskiy institut.

(Sewage--Purification) (Ion exchange)

SMIRNOVA, L.M.; FILIPPOVA, V.A.; YAKIMOV, P.A.

Simplified methods for obtaining semiprocessed penicillin,
chlartetracycline and vitamin B₁₂ Truty Los. Mira. 15:11)
no.15:15-12-7 162.
(FELDS) (PENICILLIN) (CHLORTETRACYCLINE) (CYANOCOBALAMINE)

KUCHAYEVA, A.G.; KRASILENIKET, N.A.; GIZHEVA, M.L.; TAPTYKOVA, S.D.;
SMIPHOVA, L.M.

Biology of actinomycos of the Fradiae group. Izv. AN SSSR Ser.
(MIRA 17:5)
biol. no.2:261-269 Mr.Ap 163.

l. Institut mikrobiologii AN BSSR i Institut mikrobiologii Belgarok y Akademii nauk.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4

BELIKOV, V.G., assistent; SMIRNOVA, L.N., studentka IV kurse Drop method for the detection of penicillin in medicinal forms.

(MIRA 14:4) Apt. delo 10 no. 2:32-33 Mr-Ap 161.

1. Kafedra fermatsevticheskoy khimii Pyatigorskogo farmatsevticheskogo instituta (nauchnyy rukovoditel' - kandidat khimicheskikh nauk dotsent V.N. Bernshteyn). (PENICILLIN)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

MAKIN, S.M.; NAZAROVA, D.V.; KIRSANOVA, E.A.; SMIRNOVA, L.N.

Chemistry of unsaturated ethers. Part 10: Addition reactions of lakoxy-1,3-dienes. Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.4:1111-1116 Ap '62.

1-alkoxy-1,3-dienes. Zhur.ob.khimicheskoy tekhnologii.

1. Moskovskiy institut tonkoy khimicheskoy tekhnologii.

(Unsaturated compounds) (Alkoxy groups)

s/191/61/000/001/003/015 B101/B205

AUTHORS:

Akutin, M. S., Smirnova, L. N., Filippenko, D.

Interfacial polycondensation

TITLE:

Plasticheskiye massy, no. 1, 1961, 10 - 11

TEXT: A study has been made of the acceleration of condensation of epoxy remin with dephenylol propane (DPP) by interfacial polycondensation, resin with dephenyloi propane (prr, by interfacial polycommensation, and diphenyloi propane (melting point, 153-156°C) and commercial 97% of the propane (melting point, 153-156°C) and commercial 97% of the propane (present a polycommensation, pol The end of the reaction was ascertained from the DPP content of the aqueous alkaline solution. The percentage of epoxy groups, 8% at 1:1.25, rose to 20% at 1:8. Fig. 2 shows that the optimum concentrations of the sodium salts of DPP and EPC are obtained in the aqueous and organic phase, respectively. At this concentration, a resin with maximum content of epoxy groups is obtained. Besides, the content of epoxy groups depended on the organic solvent used for the purpose. Solvents in which the forming resin was unsoluble, yielded resins with a lower content of epoxy groups. At an

Card 1/3

MAKIN, S.M.; KRUPTSOV, B.K.; MEDVEDEVA, V.M.; SMIRNOVA, L.N.

HINDER STREET STREET

Chemistry of unsaturated ethers. Part 13: Reaction of acetalization of 1,1,3-trialkoxyalkanes and the synthesis of 1-alkoxy-1,3-dienes with heavy alkoxy groups. Ultraviolet spectra and Raman spectra of 1-alkoxy-1,3-dienes. Zhur.ob.khim. 32 no.8:2527-2535 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Moskovskiy institut torkov khimicheskov tekhnologii imeni M.V. Lomonosova.

(Butadiene-Spectra) (Alkary groups)

SMIRNOV, Ye.M.; SMIRHOVA, L.H.

Operation of an asynchronous motor fed by a single-phase to three-phase converting electromechanical frequency modulator. Sbor.rab. po vop.elektromekh. no.3:209-221 '60. (MIRA 13:8) (Electric motors, Induction)

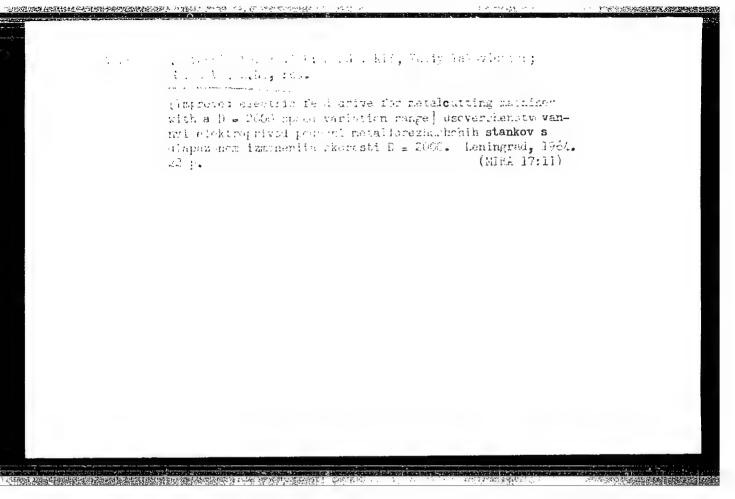
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4

SMIRNOVA, L.N.

Operating characteristics of step-by-step drives with ESh-1 motors. Sbor.rab.po vop.elektromekh. no.7:137-147 '62. (MIRA 16:1)

(Electric driving)



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4

	L 31996-65 ENT(m)/EPF(c)/ENP(j)/T Pc-4/Pr-4 RM/GS	
	ACCESSION NR: AT5004102 S/0000/64/000/000/0170/0173 AUTHOR: Guseva, V. I.; Akutin, M. S.; Zaripova, M. G.; Karmin, B. K.; & C.; Koziova, V. K.; Smirnova, L. N.; Yevstratov, V. F.	•
	TITLE: Wear resistance of vulcanizates based on some new rubber-resin compositions.	
	SOURCE: Nauchno-tekhnicheskoye soveshchaniye po friktsionnomu iznosu rezin. Moscow, 1961. Friktsionnyy iznos rezin (Frictional wear of rubber); sbornik statey. Moscow, Izd-vo Khimiya, 1964, 170-173	•
	TOPIC TAGS: synthetic rubber, rubber wear, frictional wear, rubber resin vulcanizate, rubber filler, carbon black, rubber mechanical property, butadiene styrene rubber, urea formaldehyde resin, epoxyamine resin	
à	ABSTRACT: The wear resistance and thermo-mechanical properties of vulcanized butadiene-styrene rubber SKS-30ARK, its mixture with epoxyamine resin 89 and urea-	
	butadiene-styrene rubber SKS-30ARK, its mixture with epotyamine of the non-vulcanized formaldehydo resin MFA-155, sand also the mechanical properties of the non-vulcanized mixture were studied to establish compositions for optimal service and processing properties. Resin 89 was added to the latex. Tensile strength, relative elongation, residual	***
		,
	Cord 1/2	
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i 31796-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5004102

elongation, and modulus at 300% elongation were measured at 20 and 100C, tear strength at 100C, rebound resilience at 20 and 100C, and hardness, friction—and dynamic—modulus, and wear resistance on the IMI—3 wear tester. The addition of 8% resin 89 markedly improved the mechanical properties and particularly the wear resistance of the vulcanizate, and with additions of 2-20% resin smaller amounts of channel black were required to produce vulcanizates with optimum physical—mechanical properties. Vulcanizates with 8% resin 89 and 45% carbon black showed marked improvement in wear resistance and mechanical parameters except for a decrease in tear strength. The rubber-resin latex, however, showed a significant decrease in extrudability and calendering capacity. Addition of non-specified amount of resin MFA-155 doubled the tensile strength of the latex. Vulcanizates based on the rubber-resin composition with 30% carbon black KhAF compared with vulcanizates prepared without resin and with 50% KhAF. Wear of resin-rubber compositions was very little affected by an increase in temperature. Orig. art

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 05Aug64

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

ENCL: 00

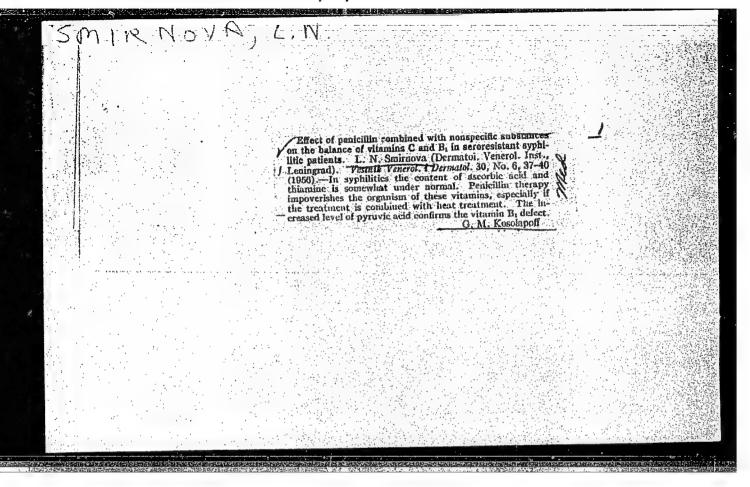
SUB CODE: MT

NO REF 80V: 002

OTHER: 002

Card 2/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4"



SHTEYNLUKHT, L.A.; SMIRNOVA, L.N.

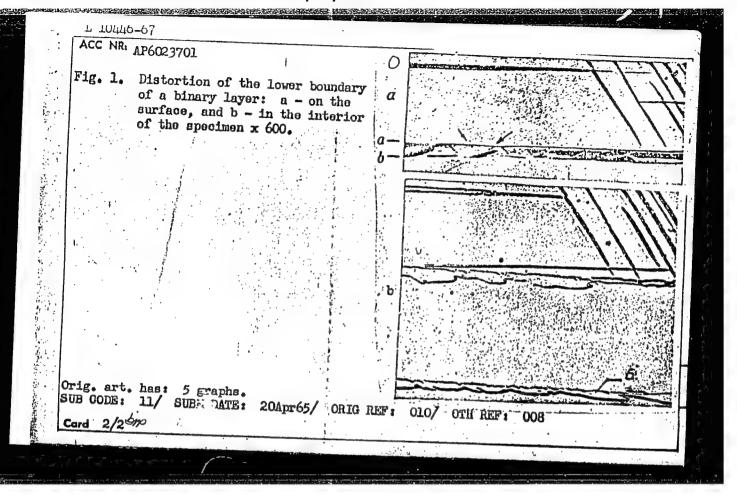
Colimycin in the treatment of some suppurative diseases of the skin. Eksp. i klin. issl. po antibiot. 1:372-375 58. (MIRA 15:5) (ANTIBIOTICS) (SKIN-DISEASES)

urinary excret	ion in pyodermat ine. Eksp. i kl KINDISEASES)	in. issl. po an	e blood and [their] th penicillin and tibiot. 1:401-407 (MIRA 15: ANTIBIOTICS)	_

SAVEL'YEVA, T.L.; SMIRNOVA, L.N.

Treatment of actinomycosis using penicillin and actinolysate.
Eksp. i klin. issl. po antibiot. 2:116-120 '60. (MIRA 15:5)
(ACTINOMYCES) (ACTINOMICOSIS) (PENICILLIN)

132.00	L 10446-67 EVT(m)/EVP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD/JG ACC NR: AP6023701 SOURCE CODE: UR/0126/66/021/004/0560/0567
	AUTHORS: Demkin, Yu. I.; Smirnova, L. N. ORG: Institute for Quality Steels (Institut kachestvennykh staley); TenlicherMet im. I. P. Bardin
Charles Tagging	TITLE: Structure of binary layers on the surface and in the last the surface and in the last the last the surface and in the last
	alloy ARSTRACT: The twinned structures found on the surface and in the interior of Mo +
المناطقة المتاركين	ABSTRACT: The twinned structures found to investigation supplements the result of the structure of at a Re alloy were investigated. The investigation supplements the result of at a Re alloy were investigated. The investigation supplements the result of the structure of the M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov the surface and the cross Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov the surface and the cross Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov the surface and the cross Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M., Izd. Ye. M. Savitskiy i dr. (Sb. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov t. 9. M. Issledovaniya zharoprochnykh materialov
	UDC: 548.0
	Card 1/2



VERKHOLAT, Mikhail Yefimovich; MORGOVSKIY, Yuliy Yakovlevich; SMIRNOVA, L.N., red.

[Choise of automated electric drives for mechanisms with a wide range of speed variation] Vybor avtomatizirovannogo elektroprivoda dlia mekhanizmov s shirokim diapazonom izmeneniia skorosti. Leningrad, 1964. 34 p. (MIRA 18:3)

SMIRNOVA, L.P.

Method of developing the concept of mineral nutrition in plants. Biol.v shkole no.6:36-38 N-D '59. (MIRA 13:3)

1. Moskovskiy gorodskoy pedagogicheskiy institut. (Plants-Assimilation-Study and teaching)

ZELENSKIY, V.G., inzh.; SMIRNOVA, J.P., tekhnik

Study of the erosion of a metal. Elek. sta. 32 no.11:41-44 N

(MIRA 14:11)

'61. (Metals) (Erosion)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4

2010/1107, B.V.; S.271 , ... Using the method of a magnetic a mencion for the investigation of processes at grain boundaries in ferromagnetic materials.

Shor, trud. TSNIICHM no.38:42-46 164.

(HIRA 18:3)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001651620015-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/24/2000

SMIRNOVA, L.P.; CMTRICH, B.L.

"Georgeit" from the salt descrite of the Inder Bone, Mic. sborn, 18
no.31748-356 "64.

1. Institut geologii i nonfiziki, Gurlyev.

OTROSHCHENKO, O.S.; SADYKOV, A.S.; SMIRNOVA, L.S.

Quantitative determination of alkaloids by means of dioxane sulfotrioxide. Zhur. prikl. khim. 34 no. 12:2797-2800 D '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Kafedra khimii rasteniy Tashkentskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni V.I. Lenina.

(Alakaloids)

SMIRNOVA, L.S.; ABDUAZIMOV, Kh.A.; YUNUSOV, S.Yu.

Alkaloids of Ungernia severtzovii. Structure of unsevine. Dokl. AN SSSR 154 no.1:171-173 Ja'64. (MIRA 17:2)

l. Institut khimii rastitel'nykh veshchestv AN UzSSR. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Yunusov).

SMIRNOVA, L.S., ABDUAZIMOV, Kh.A., YUNUSOV, S.Yu.

Alkaloids of Ungernia severtzovii(Rge.) B. Fed. Khim. prirod. soad. no.5:322-328. '65. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Institut khimii rastitel'nykh veshchestv AN UzSSR. Submitted April 5, 1965.

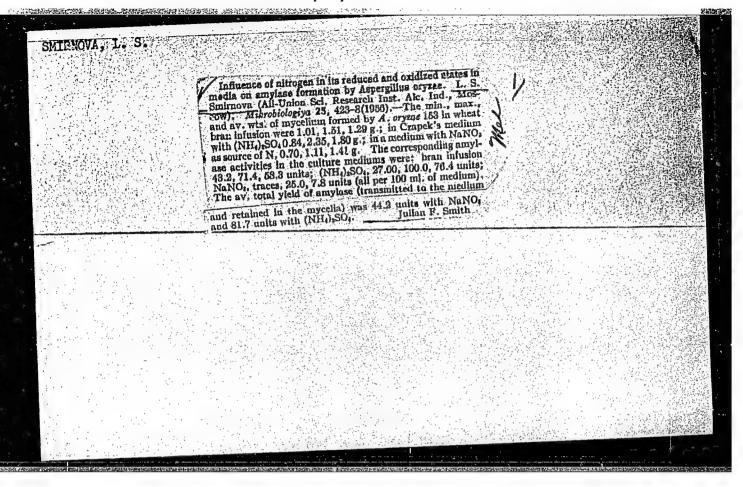
AMDUAZIMOV, Kh.A.; SMIRNOVA, L.S.; YUNUSOV, S.Yu.

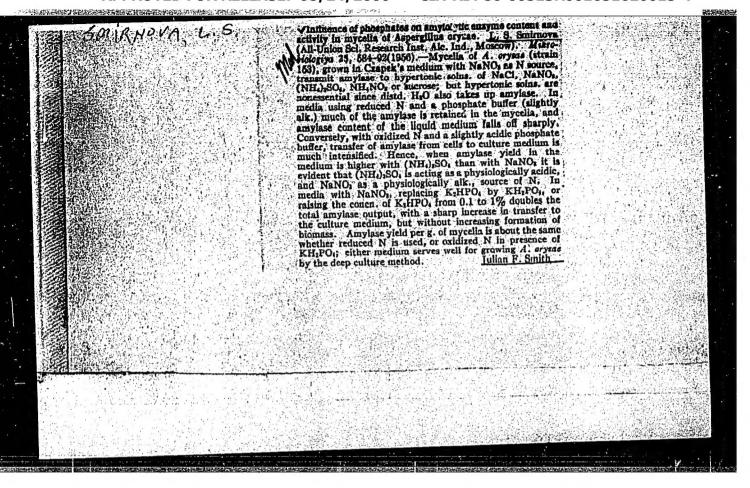
Interconversion of the alkalolds hippeastrine, ungerine and unsevine. Dokl. AN Uz. SSR 21 no.8:24-27 164.

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SMIRNOVA, L. S., Cand or Bio Sci -- (diss) "Influence of the composition of the media of the formation of amylase or aspergillus oryzae." Moscow, 1957, 24 pp (Institute of Microbiology, AS USSR) (KL, 30-57, 109)

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- USSR/Microbiology - General Microbiology

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Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 4, 1958, 14669

with glycerin, sucrose and glucose. On this basis a conclusion is drawn as to the adaptive nature of amylase in the fungus studied. Formation of protease depends on the nitrogen source. On media with (NH₁) SO₁ and 6# starch, the protease forms exceptionally poorly; on nitrates, casein, edestin, gelatin, peptone, glycine-- somewhat better; but on a medium with legumin the maximum quantity of enzyme is formed, exceeding by 15 times its formation on all other protein substances.

SMIRNOVA, L.S.

Dissertations. Dept. of Biological Sciences, Jul-Dec 1957. Vest. Ak Nauk SSSR, 1958, No. 4, pp. 120-122

Lancelets, Amphibia, and Reptiles.

At the Inst. of Microbiology the following dissertations were defended for the degree of Candidate of Biological Sciences:

I. M. NADIROVA - Functional Morphology of the Yeast Organism in Drying and Low Cooling/ on the Problem of the Anabiotic Cellular State.

HIKITIEA, H. N. - Actinomycetes of the Globisporine Group.

SMIRHOVA, L. S. - Influence of the Composition of the Medium on the Formation of the Amylane Aspergillus oryzae.

At the Institute of Animal Morphology im A. H. Severtsov:

for the degree of Dr. Biological Sciences: BODROVA, N. N. - Comparative Data on the Innervation of the Coronary System of the

for the degree of Candidate of Biological Sciencea:

DMITRIYEVA, M. P. - Influence of High Intensity Ultra Sound on the Growing and
the Metastase of the Interwined Broun-Pirs Tumor in Rabbits.

SMIRNOVA, L.S.

Morphology of Aspergillus oryzae on media of vaious composition.

Mikrobiologiia 28 no.5:662-666 S-0 '59. (MIRA 13:2)

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